Gavi, the Vaccine Alliance

Paolo Sison Triangle Global Health 2018 Annual Conference



www.gavi.org

Gavi's mission





How the Gavi model works: innovative finance

International Finance Facility for Immunisation (IFFIm)



Advance Market Commitment (AMC) for pneumococcal vaccine



Advance Purchase Commitment (APC) for Ebola vaccine



The Gavi Matching Fund

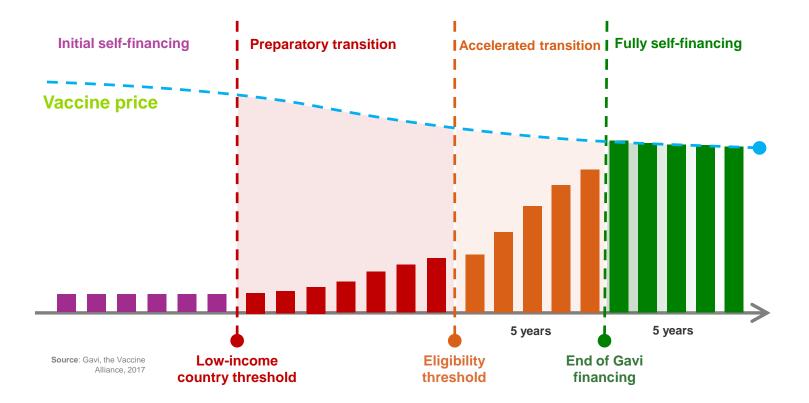




BILL& MELINDA GATES foundation

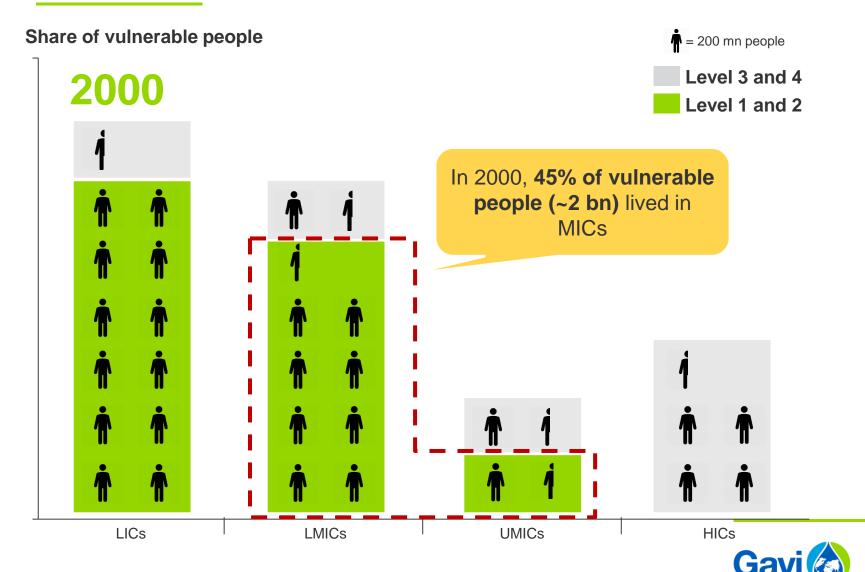


How the Gavi model works: co-financing

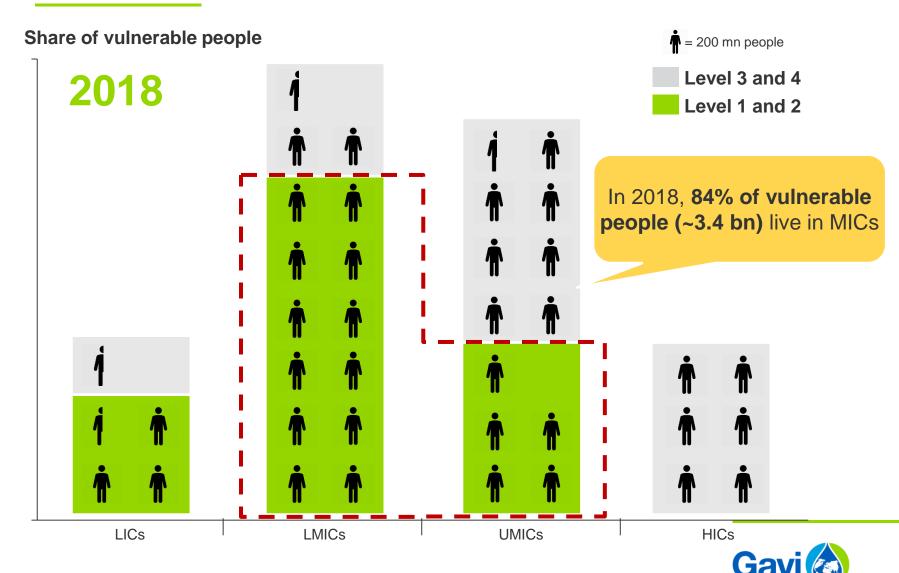




Most vulnerable people do not live in the poorest countries anymore



Most vulnerable people do not live in the poorest countries anymore

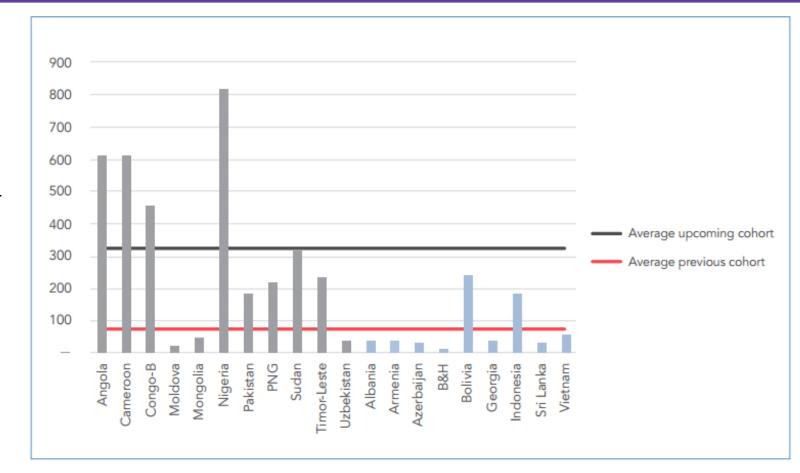






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Maternal mortality ratio in two cohorts of countries in period 5-8 years prior to graduation

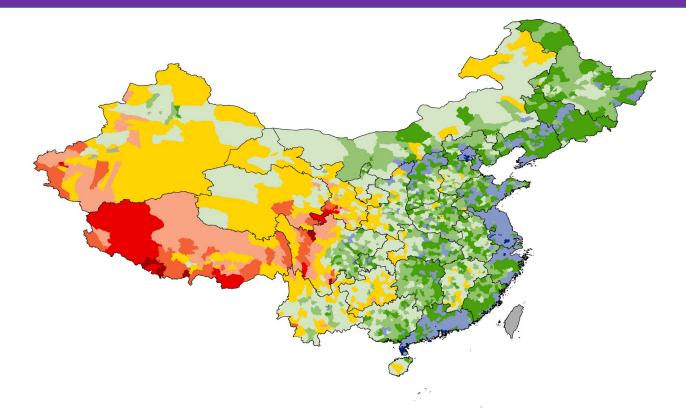


Yamey G, et al. Transitioning from foreign aid: is the next cohort of graduating countries ready? Working Paper, March 2018



Deaths per 100,000 livebirths

Child mortality rate in China by county, 2012



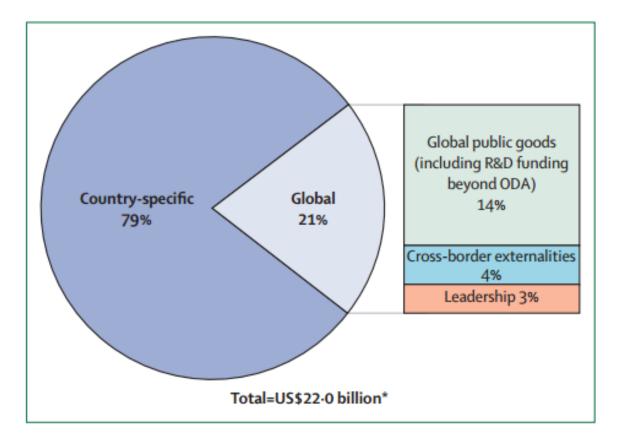
Under-5 mortality rate (per 1000 livebirths)

0-5	>24-37	🔲 Not included
— >5–9	— >37–49	in analysis
>9-12	— >49–68	
>12-15	68-88	
— >15–24	88-346	

Wang Y, et al. Under-5 mortality in 2851 Chinese counties, 1996–2012: a subnational assessment of achieving MDG 4 goals in China. *Lancet* 2016;387:273-283



Breakdown of donor financing for health into country-specific support versus "global functions"



Schäferhoff M, et al. How much donor financing for health is channeled to global versus country-specific aid functions? *Lancet* 2015;386: 2436-41



Problems and solutions from countries Transitioning from DAH



Neglected Tropical Disease Control and Elimination Programs

Wangeci Thuo

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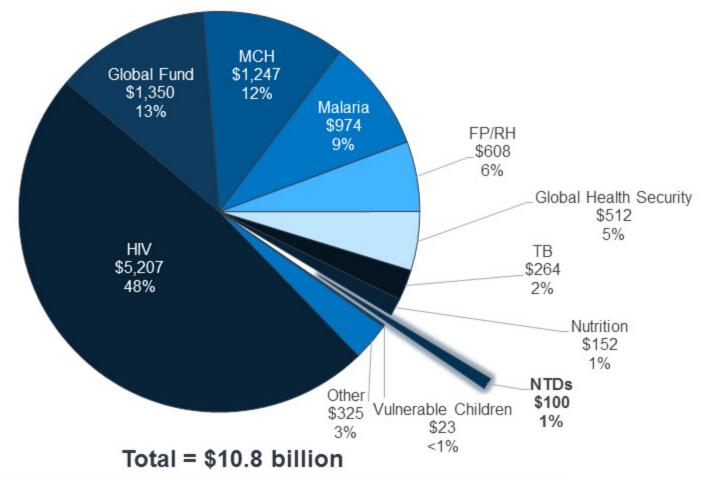
Communicable Diseases by DALYs

<u>Disease Condition</u> <u>Burden</u>	<u>Disease</u>
HIV-AIDS	84.5 million
Neglected Tropical Diseases	56.6 million
Malaria	46.5 million
Marana	40.5 11111011

Figure 20

U.S. Global Health Funding, By Sector, FY 2018

In Millions



NOTES: Represents total known funding (base and supplemental) provided through the State Department, USAID, CDC, NIH, and DoD. HIV includes funding through State/OGAC, USAID, CDC, NIH, and DoD. Malaria includes funding through USAID, CDC, NIH, and DoD. TB, Nutrition, NTDs, and Vulnerable Children include funding through USAID. MCH includes funding through USAID and CDC as well as contributions to UNICEF. FP/RH includes funding through USAID as well as contributions to UNIPA. Global Health Security includes funding through USAID, CDC, and DoD, as well as emergency Ebola and Zika funding. "Other" includes funding through USAID, CDC, and NIH, as well as contributions to WHO and PAHO, and the Emergency Reserve Fund, which was created in the FY17 Omnibus bill to respond to contagious infectious disease outbreaks, and would be made available if there is an "emerging health threat that poses severe threats to human health." Some FY18 global health funding provided through NIH, DoD, and the Economic Support Fund (ESF) and Development Assistance (DA) accounts at USAID is not yet known; for comparison purposes, these FY18 amounts are estimated using prior year levels.

HENRY J KAISER FAMILY FOUNDATION

SOURCE: Kaiser Family Foundation analysis of data from the Office of Management and Budget, Agency Congressional Budget Justifications, Congressional Appropriations Bills, and U.S. Foreign Assistance Dashboard [website], available at: www.foreignassistance.gov.